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# **User's Manual and Instructions**

## **Total RNA Extraction Kit**

Catalog Number: K2014005

#### **Applications**

Total RNA Isolation

#### **Description**

Biochain's Total RNA Extraction kit is a convenient tool for isolating high quality Total RNAs. The isolated Total RNAs can be used for mRNA isolation, probe generation, RT-PCR, Northern blot analysis, primer extension, RNA protection assay, and In vitro translation etc. The kit contains enough reagents for isolating Total RNAs from 5 grams tissue and 10 g rams cells.

## **Quality Control**

The quality and purity of isolated total RNA were tested by spectrophotometer.  $A_{260/280}$  is between 1.8 and 2.0 (detected in 10 mM Tris-Cl, pH 7.5). The integrity of the RNA is examined by visual inspection for the presence of intact bands of 18s and 28s ribosomal RNA when electrophoreses on a denaturing agarose gel.

### **Kit Components**

Item	Amount	Storage
1. Solution 1	50 ml	4°C
2. Phenol A	50 ml	4°C
3. Solution 2	6 ml	RT
4. Solution 3	50 ml	RT*
5. DEPC H <sub>2</sub> O/0.1mM EDTA	50 ml	RT

<sup>\*</sup>If precipitate formed in solution 3, place the bottle at 65°C water bath to dissolve it before use.

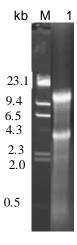


Fig. The image of Total RNA from monkey colon tissue on 1% agarose gel

<u>Items not supplied</u>: 1. Isopropanol; 2. 100% Ethanol; 3. 70% Ethanol; 4. Chloroform; 5. RNase-free DNase I



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### **Recommended Protocol:**

- 1. Weight certain amount of tissue, crush tissue by hammer, and put it into a new 50 ml centrifuge tube. Stand the tube on ice. Don't let tissue thaw when handling it.
- Add 10 ml solution 1 per gram tissue, or 5 ml solution 1 per gram cells and blood, homogenize until no visible tissue mass. Add equal volume solution 2 per gram tissue or cells, mix well
- Add 10 ml Phenol A (5 ml for cells and blood) per gram tissue, shake vigorously for 1 minute
- 4. Add 4 ml (2 ml for cells) Chloroform per gram tissue, shake vigorously to mix
- 5. Place tube on ice for 15 minutes
- 6. Centrifuge the tube at 18,000 g for 15 minutes at 4°C
- 7. Transfer the supernatant to a new 50 ml centrifuge tube
- 8. Add 1 volume of isopropanol to the supernatant from step 7, and mix well
- 9. Store at -20°C for at least one hour
- 10. Centrifuge the tube at 18,000 g for 15 minutes at 4°C
- 11. Discard the supernatant and dissolve RNA pellet in DEPC H<sub>2</sub>O/0.1 mM EDTA. If you need to do DNase treatment, go for the following steps.
- 12. Adjust RNA concentration to 0.3 μg/μl by DEPC H<sub>2</sub>O/0.1 mM EDTA
- 13. Add ½ volume of solution 3 in the RNA solution in step 11, mix well
- 14. Store at -20°C for 4 hours or over night
- 15. Centrifuge the tube at 18,000 g for 15 minutes at 4°C.
- 16. Wash the RNA pellet by 70% ethanol. Use 10 ml 70% ethanol per gram tissue
- 17. Centrifuge at 18,000 g for 15 minutes at 4°C
- 18. Discard supernatant, dissolve the RNA in DEPC H<sub>2</sub>O/0.1 mM EDTA
- 19. Store the RNA at -70°C

#### Trouble shooting

- 1. RNA degradation
  - Do not let tissue thaw when handling it. Perform RNA isolation steps at low temperature. Always wear gloves when perform RNA isolation and analysis.
- 2. Low yield
  - Homogenize tissue completely. Collect at least 80% of supernatant for RNA and DNA isolation.
- 3. Difficult to dissolve RNA pellet
  - Do not dry RNA pellet over
- 4. Genomic DNA contamination
  - Treat the RNA with RNase-free DNase I.